

Name _____

Lab Equipment Activity

COLOR CHALLENGE

- Obtain the following items from your teacher:
 - 3 beakers with colored water – 25 mL of each color (red, blue, yellow)
 - 1 graduated cylinder
 - 6 test tubes labeled A, B, C, D, E, and F
- Perform each step outlined below using accurate measurements:
 - Measure 17 mL of RED water from the beaker and pour into test tube A.
 - Measure 21 mL of YELLOW water from the beaker and pour into test tube C.
 - Measure 22 mL of BLUE water from the beaker and pour into test tube E.
 - Measure 5 mL of water from test tube A and pour it into test tube B.
 - Measure 6 mL of water from test tube C and pour it into test tube D.
 - Measure 8 mL of water from test tube E and pour it into test tube F.
 - Measure 5 mL of water from test tube C and pour it into test tube B.
 - Measure 2 mL of water from test tube A and pour it into test tube F.
 - Measure 4 mL of water from test tube E and pour it into test tube D.
- Complete the chart.

Test Tube	Color	Final Volume (mL)
A		
B		
C		
D		
E		
F		

MASS MANIA

The gram is the standard unit of mass in the metric or SI system. The basic instrument used to measure mass is the triple beam balance. Some mass measurements can be made using an electronic balance.

- Check to see that the **pointer** is pointing to zero.
- If it is not, check to see that all the **riders (weights)** are all the way to the left at the zero mark.
- Adjust the balance by turning the **adjustment screw** *slowly* until it points to zero.
- Place your metric ruler on the pan and read and record the ruler's mass.
- After resetting the balance to Zero, measure and record the mass of the empty 50 mL graduated cylinder and then the 3 nails.
- Reset the balance to ZERO when all items have been massed.

Mass of metric ruler (g)	Mass of empty 50-mL graduated cylinder (g)	Mass of 3 nails (g)

COUNT YOUR DROPS!

Take a guess – How many drops of water will it take to equal 1 milliliter? _____ drops

Follow the directions to find the number of drops in 1 milliliter of water, then answer the questions. You will need a small graduated cylinder (25 mL), a beaker of water, and a pipette. Remember to read the **bottom of the meniscus** when you are reading the volume of a liquid in a graduated cylinder.

- Fill a small graduated cylinder with 10 mL of water.

2. Count the number of drops it takes to raise the water to 11 mL.
3. Leave the water in the graduated cylinder and count the number of drops it takes to raise the water to 12 mL. Record the number in the chart.
4. Leave the water in the graduated cylinder and count the number of drops it takes to raise the water to 13 mL. Record the number in the chart.
5. Calculate your average and round to the nearest tenth.

# of drops to 11 mL	# of drops to 12 mL	# of drops to 13 mL	Average

WATER DISPLACEMENT

Follow the directions to find the volume of three nails using water displacement.

1. Add 20 mL of water to a 50 mL graduated cylinder. Record this amount in the chart.
2. Add three nails to the cylinder and measure the volume. Record this amount in the chart.
3. Find the difference between the two measurements and record in the chart. The difference between the two measurements will be the volume of the three nails.

Volume of water before adding nails (mL)	Volume of water after adding nails (mL)	Difference in Volume (mL)	Volume of 3 nails